

# Nottinghamshire and City of Nottingham Fire and Rescue Authority Finance and Resources Committee

# **EXTERNAL AUDIT PLAN** 2012/2013

Report of the Chief Fire Officer

**Agenda Item No:** 

**Date:** 5 April 2013

**Purpose of Report:** 

To inform Members of the plan to be implemented by the External Auditors for their audit of the accounts for the 2012/2013 financial year.

#### **CONTACT OFFICER**

Name: Neil Timms

Strategic Director of Finance and Resources

**Tel:** 0115 967 0880

**Email:** neil.timms@notts-fire.gov.uk

Media Enquiries Matt Sismey

Contact: (0115) 967 0880 matt.sismey@notts-fire.gov.uk

#### 1. BACKGROUND

- 1.1 The Fire Authority is required by statute to be audited by external auditors who, for the first time for 2012/2013 will be KPMG. KPMG were awarded the contract to provided external audit to public bodies across the East Midlands following the abolition of the Audit Commission.
- 1.2 This report sets out their plans for carrying out this statutory audit and some of the risks that they have identified upon which they will be seeking the reassurance of officers.
- 1.2 Flora Smith from KPMG will attend the meeting to both introduce this item and answer any questions from Members.

#### 2. REPORT

- 2.1 The report is attached in full as appendix A to this report and therefore no specific details are included here. The report is quite different to that received in previous years it that it is a fully comprehensive plan which sets out the work to be carried out and the timelines for reporting.
- 2.2 The Audit fee for 2012/2013 has been reduced significantly but as set out in the auditors plan this is dependent upon everything being as expected and there being no requirement to increase the level of audit work from that anticipated.
- 2.3 Members will be aware that in previous years there have been risks associated with the closure of the accounts due to the implementation of IFRS and various changes to regulations and the Accounting Code. There are no such changes affecting the 2012/2013 closedown but running parallel with this are the implementations of a new payroll system and a new HR system both of which will impact upon workloads at what is already a busy period. Nevertheless plans are in place to ensure an efficient closedown process.
- 2.4 The impact of a new external audit body will be reduced by the fact that both the Director and the Assistant Audit Manager are the same staff that have worked with NFRS staff for several years and so this transition will be as easy as possible.

#### 3. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

The majority of the External Auditors work is directed towards the financial statements and financial stability of the organisation and so in this respect the financial implications are significant. Beyond this the audit fees for 2012/2013 will be £41,400 which is a reduction of £27,000 on the previous years' charge. This is included within the revenue budget.

# 4. HUMAN RESOURCES AND LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT IMPLICATIONS

There are no implications for Human Resources or Learning and Development arising from this report.

#### 5. EQUALITIES IMPLICATIONS

There are no implications for equalities arising from this report.

#### 6. CRIME AND DISORDER IMPLICATIONS

There are no implications for crime and disorder arising from this report.

#### 7. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

The only legal implication relating to this report is the need to comply with various statutes.

#### 8. RISK MANAGEMENT IMPLICATIONS

External Audit provide an assurance both to Elected Members and the general public as to the financial health and compliance of the Authority. This provides a significant overall risk control measure.

#### 9. RECOMMENDATIONS

That Members note the contents of this report.

# 10. BACKGROUND PAPERS FOR INSPECTION (OTHER THAN PUBLISHED DOCUMENTS)

None.

Frank Swann

**CHIEF FIRE OFFICER** 



External Audit Plan 2012/13

**Nottinghamshire and City of Nottingham Fire Authority** 

April 2013





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The contacts at KPMG in connection with this report are:

#### **John Cornett**

Director
KPMG LLP (UK)

Tel: 0116 256 6064 john.cornett@kpmg.co.uk

#### **Claire Page**

Manager KPMG LLP (UK)

Tel:0116 256 6090 claire.page@kpmg.co.uk

#### Flora Smith

Assistant Manager KPMG LLP (UK)

Tel: 0116 256 6065 flora.smith@kpmg.co.uk

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This report is addressed to the Authority and has been prepared for the sole use of the Authority. We take no responsibility to any member of staff acting in their individual capacities, or to third parties. The Audit Commission has issued a document entitled Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies. This summarises where the responsibilities of auditors begin and end and what is expected from the audited body. We draw your attention to this document which is available on the Audit Commission's website at www.auditcommission.gov.uk.

External auditors do not act as a substitute for the audited body's own responsibility for putting in place proper arrangements to ensure that public business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively.

If you have any concerns or are dissatisfied with any part of KPMG's work, in the first instance you should contact John Cornett, the appointed engagement lead to the Authority, who will try to resolve your complaint. If you are dissatisfied with your response please contact Trevor Rees on 0161 246 4000, or by email to <a href="trevor.rees@kpmg.co.uk">trevor.rees@kpmg.co.uk</a>, who is the national contact partner for all of KPMG's work with the Audit Commission. After this, if you are still dissatisfied with how your complaint has been handled you can access the Audit Commission's complaints procedure. Put your complaint in writing to the Complaints Unit Manager, Audit Commission, Westward House, Lime Kiln Close, Stoke Gifford, Bristol, BS34 8SR or by email to complaints@audit-commission.gov.uk. Their telephone number is 0844 798 3131, textphone (minicom) 020 7630 0421.



#### Section one

#### Introduction

This document describes how we will deliver our audit work for Nottinghamshire and City of Nottingham Fire Authority.

#### Scope of this report

We are pleased to be appointed as your external auditors for 2012/13. This document supplements our *Audit Fee Letter 2012/13* issued to you in August 2012. It describes how we will deliver our financial statements audit work for Nottinghamshire and City of Nottingham Fire Authority ('the Authority'). It also sets out our approach to value for money (VFM) work for 2012/13.

We are required to satisfy ourselves that your accounts comply with statutory requirements and that proper practices have been observed in compiling them. We use a risk based audit approach.

The audit planning process and risk assessment is an on-going process and the assessment and fees in this plan will be kept under review and updated if necessary.

#### Statutory responsibilities

Our statutory responsibilities and powers are set out in the *Audit Commission Act 1998*, the *Local Government Act 1999* and the Audit Commission's *Code of Audit Practice*.

The Code of Audit Practice summarises our responsibilities into two objectives, requiring us to review and report on your:

- financial statements (including the Annual Governance Statement): providing an opinion on your accounts; and
- use of resources: concluding on the arrangements in place for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in your use of resources (the value for money conclusion).

The Audit Commission's *Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies* sets out the respective responsibilities of the auditor and the Authority.

#### Structure of this report

This report is structured as follows:

- Section 2 includes our headline messages, focusing on the key risks identified this year for the financial statements audit.
- Section 3 describes the approach we take for the audit of the financial statements.
- Section 4 provides further detail on the financial statements audit risks.
- Section 5 explains our approach to VFM work.
- Section 6 provides information on the audit team, our proposed deliverables, the timescales and fees for our work.

#### Acknowledgements

We would like to take this opportunity to thank officers and Members for their continuing help and co-operation throughout our audit work.



# Our audit approach

We undertake our work on your financial statements in four key stages during 2013:

- Planning (February).
- Control Evaluation (March)
- Substantive Procedures (July to August).
- Completion (September).

Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Update our business understanding and risk assessment. Assess the organisational control environment. **Planning** Determine our audit strategy and plan the audit approach. Issue our Accounts Audit Protocol. Evaluate and test selected controls over key financial systems. Review the internal audit function. Control Review the accounts production process. evaluation Review progress on critical accounting matters. Plan and perform substantive audit procedures. Conclude on critical accounting matters. **Substantive** 3 procedures Identify audit adjustments. Review the Annual Governance Statement. Declare our independence and objectivity. Obtain management representations. Completion Report matters of governance interest. Form our audit opinion.

We have summarised the four key stages of our financial statements audit process for you below:



# Our audit approach - planning

During February 2013 we completed our planning work.

We assessed the key risks affecting the Authority's financial statements and liaised with officers regarding these.

We assessed if there are any weaknesses in respect of central processes, including the Authority's IT systems, that would impact on our audit.

We determined our audit strategy and approach, and agreed a protocol for the accounts audit, specifying what evidence we expect from the Authority to support the financial statements.

Our planning work took place in February 2013. This involved the following aspects:

Planning

- Update our business understanding and risk assessment.
- Assess the organisational control environment.
- Determine our audit strategy and plan the audit approach.
- Issue our Accounts Audit Protocol.

#### **Business understanding and risk assessment**

We updated our understanding of the Authority's operations to identify any areas that will require particular attention during our audit of the Authority's financial statements.

We identified the key risks affecting the Authority's financial statements. These are based on our knowledge of the Authority, our sector experience and our ongoing dialogue with Authority staff. The risks identified to date are set out in this document. Our audit strategy and plan will, however, remain flexible as the risks and issues change throughout the year. It is the Authority's responsibility to adequately address these issues. We encourage the Authority to raise any technical issues with us as early as possible so that we can agree the accounting treatment in advance of the audit visit.

We meet with the finance team throughout the year to consider issues and how they are addressed during the financial year end closedown and accounts preparation.

#### **Organisational control environment**

Controls operated at an organisational level often have an impact on controls at an operational level and if there were weaknesses this would impact on our audit. In particular risk management, internal control and ethics and conduct have implications for our financial statements audit. The scope of the work of your internal auditors also informs our risk assessment.

The Authority relies on information technology (IT) to support both financial reporting and internal control processes. In order to satisfy ourselves that we can rely on the use of IT, we test controls over access to systems and data, system changes, system development and computer operations. Whilst we undertake some general IT controls work, we also focus on testing the specific applications and reports that are pivotal to the production of the financial statements.

#### Audit strategy and approach

The Engagement Lead sets the overall direction of the audit and decides the nature and extent of audit activities.

We design audit procedures in response to the risk that the financial statements are materially misstated. The materiality level is a matter of judgement and is set by the Engagement Lead.

#### **Accounts audit protocol**

We have issued our Accounts Audit Protocol to the Authority. This important document sets out our audit approach and timetable. It also summarises the working papers and other evidence we require the Authority to provide during our interim and final accounts visits.

The Audit Commission met with the finance team to discuss mutual learning points from the 2011/12 audit. These will be incorporated into our work plan for 2012/13. We revisit progress against areas identified for development as the audit progresses.



# Our audit approach – control evaluation

During March 2013 we will complete our interim audit work.

We assess if controls over key financial systems were effective during 2012/13. We work with your Internal Audit team to avoid duplication.

We work with your finance team to enhance the efficiency of the accounts audit. Our on site interim visit will be completed during March 2013. During this time we will complete work in the following areas:

# Control Evaluation

- Evaluate and test controls over key financial systems identified as part of our risk assessment.
- Review the work undertaken by the internal audit function on controls relevant to our risk assessment.
- Review the accounts production process.
- Review progress on critical accounting matters.

#### Controls over key financial systems

We update our understanding of the Authority's key financial processes where our risk assessment has identified that these are relevant to our final accounts audit and where we have determined that this is the most efficient audit approach to take. We confirm our understanding by completing walkthroughs for these systems. We then test selected controls that address key risks within these systems. The strength of the control framework informs the substantive testing we complete during our final accounts visit.

Where our audit approach is to undertake controls work on financial systems, we seek to rely on any relevant work Internal Audit have completed to minimise unnecessary duplication of work. Our audit fee is set on the assumption that we can place reliance on their work. We will review the 2012/13 internal audit work and seek to place reliance on the work completed. We will develop a joint working protocol with the Authority's internal auditors for 2013/14.

#### Review of internal audit

Where we intend to rely on internal audit's work in respect of the key financial systems identified as part of our risk assessment, auditing standards require us to review aspects of their work. This includes reperforming a sample of tests completed by internal audit.

#### **Accounts production process**

There were no concerns raised in the Report to Those Charged with Governance (ISA 260 Report) 2011/12 relating to the accounts production process.

We will assess the Authority's progress in preparing for the closedown and accounts preparation.

#### **Critical accounting matters**

We will discuss the work completed to address the specific risks we identified at the planning stage. Wherever possible, we seek to review relevant workings and evidence and agree the accounting treatment as part of our interim work.

Should there be any significant issues arising from our interim audit visit we would seek to raise these with Those Charged with Governance on an exception basis



# Our audit approach – substantive procedures

During July and August 2013 we will be on site for our substantive work.

We complete detailed testing of accounts and disclosures and conclude on critical accounting matters, such as specific risk areas. We then agree any audit adjustments required to the financial statements.

We also review the Annual Governance Statement for consistency with our understanding.

We will present our ISA 260
Report to the Full Fire
Authority in September 2013.

Our on site final accounts visit has been provisionally scheduled for the period 29 July - 16 August. During this time, we will complete the following work:

Substantive Procedures

- Plan and perform substantive audit procedures.
- Conclude on critical accounting matters.
- Identify and assess any audit adjustments.
- Review the Annual Governance Statement.

#### Substantive audit procedures

We complete detailed testing on significant balances and disclosures. The extent of our work is determined by the Engagement Lead based on various factors such as our overall assessment of the Authority's control environment, the effectiveness of controls over individual systems and the management of specific risk factors.

#### **Critical accounting matters**

We conclude our testing of the key risk areas as identified at the planning stage and any additional issues that may have emerged since. We will discuss our early findings of the Authority's approach to address the key risk areas with the Director of Finance and Resources in August 2013, prior to reporting to the Fire Authority on 20 September 2013.

#### **Audit adjustments**

During our on site work, we will meet with the Director of Finance and Resources as and when needed to discuss the progress of the audit, any differences found and any other issues emerging.

At the end of our on site work, we will hold a closure meeting, where we will provide a schedule of audit differences and agree a timetable for the completion stage and the accounts sign off.

To comply with auditing standards, we are required to report uncorrected audit differences to Those Charged with Governance. We also report any material misstatements which have been corrected and which we believe should be communicated to you to help you meet your governance responsibilities.

#### **Annual Governance Statement**

We are also required to satisfy ourselves that your Annual Governance Statement complies with the applicable framework and is consistent with our understanding of your operations. Our review of the work of internal audit and consideration of your risk management and governance arrangements are key to this.

We report the findings of our final accounts work in our *ISA 260 Report*, which we will issue to the Fire Authority in September 2013.



# Our audit approach - other

In addition to the financial statements, we also audit the Authority's Whole of Government Accounts pack.

We may need to undertake additional work if we receive objections to the accounts from local electors.

We will communicate with you throughout the year, both formally and informally.

#### Whole of government accounts (WGA)

We are required to review and issue an opinion on your WGA consolidation to confirm that this is consistent with your financial statements. The audit approach has been agreed with HM Treasury and the National Audit Office.

#### Elector challenge

The Audit Commission Act 1998 gives electors certain rights. These are:

- the right to inspect the accounts;
- the right to ask the auditor questions about the accounts; and
- the right to object to the accounts.

As a result of these rights, in particular the right to object to the accounts, we may need to undertake additional work to form our decision on the elector's objection. The additional work could range from a small piece of work where we interview an officer and review evidence to form our decision, to a more detailed piece of work, where we have to interview a range of officers, review significant amounts of evidence and seek legal representations on the issues raised.

The costs incurred in responding to questions or objections raised by electors is not part of the fee. This work will be charged in accordance with the Audit Commission's fee scales.

#### Reporting and communication

Reporting is a key part of the audit process, not only in communicating the audit findings for the year, but also in ensuring the audit team are accountable to you in addressing the issues identified as part of the audit strategy. Throughout the year we will communicate with you through meetings with the finance team and Those Charged with Governance. Our deliverables are included on page 14.

#### Use of off-shore audit resources

During our audit work we may make use of our KPMG Global Services (KGS Audit) team in India to undertake certain basic audit tasks and functions. Use of this 'off-shore' team is one of many initiatives we employ to deliver a cost-effective audit service for our clients. Although based in India, the KGS Audit team works closely with our local audit teams to undertake certain audit procedures remotely. We have provided our UK teams with guidance on the types of audit procedures and other tasks that it is suitable and permissible to use KGS Audit for - we do not use KGS Audit for any audit procedures that involve access to personal, confidential or sensitive information. Audit tasks are then allocated by our UK-based engagement teams to dedicated teams in India, allowing local staff to control what work KGS Audit undertakes and what information is accessed. They operate to our same quality standards and all work undertaken by KGS Audit is reviewed by the UK team.

The KGS Audit team operates in a paperless environment and we apply robust processes to control how data is accessed and used:

- all work is conducted electronically;
- all data files are maintained on servers in the UK with restricted access and only viewed on screen in India. These servers are governed by established KPMG IT controls;
- policy and technology restrictions are in place to protect data, for example locked down USB ports, no external emailing, no printing;
- KGS Audit staff are based in an office with restricted access and security; and
- the team members adhere to global KPMG ethics and independence standards, along with requirements governing the non-disclosure of client information.



# Our audit approach - other

Our independence and objectivity responsibilities under the Code are summarised in Appendix 1. We confirm our audit team's independence and objectivity is not impaired.

#### Independence and objectivity confirmation

Professional standards require auditors to communicate to those charged with governance, at least annually, all relationships that may bear on the firm's independence and the objectivity of the audit engagement partner and audit staff. The standards also place requirements on auditors in relation to integrity, objectivity and independence.

The standards define 'those charged with governance' as 'those persons entrusted with the supervision, control and direction of an entity'. In your case this is the Fire Authority.

KPMG LLP is committed to being and being seen to be independent. APB Ethical Standard 1 Integrity, Objectivity and Independence requires us to communicate to you in writing all significant facts and matters, including those related to the provision of non-audit services and the safeguards put in place, in our professional judgement, may reasonably be thought to bear on KPMG LLP's independence and the objectivity of the Engagement Lead and the audit team.

#### **Confirmation statement**

We confirm that as of April 2013 in our professional judgement, KPMG LLP is independent within the meaning of regulatory and professional requirements and the objectivity of the Engagement Lead and audit team is not impaired.



# **VFM** audit approach

Our approach to VFM work follows guidance provided by the Audit Commission.

#### Background to approach to VFM work

In meeting their statutory responsibilities relating to economy, efficiency and effectiveness, the Commission's *Code of Audit Practice* requires auditors to:

- plan their work based on consideration of the significant risks of giving a wrong conclusion (audit risk); and
- carry out only as much work as is appropriate to enable them to give a safe VFM conclusion.

To provide stability for auditors and audited bodies, the Audit Commission has kept the VFM audit methodology unchanged from last year. There are only relatively minor amendments to reflect the key issues facing the local government sector.

The approach is structured under two themes, as summarised below.

Specified criteria for VFM conclusion	Focus of the criteria	Sub-sections
The organisation has proper arrangements in place for securing financial resilience.	The organisation has robust systems and processes to:  manage effectively financial risks and opportunities; and secure a stable financial position that enables it to continue to operate for the foreseeable future.	<ul><li>Financial governance</li><li>Financial planning</li><li>Financial control</li></ul>
The organisation has proper arrangements for challenging how it secures economy, efficiency and effectiveness.	The organisation is prioritising its resources within tighter budgets, for example by:  achieving cost reductions; and improving efficiency and productivity.	<ul><li>Prioritising resources</li><li>Improving efficiency and productivity</li></ul>



# VFM audit approach (continued)

We will follow a risk based approach to target audit effort on the areas of greatest audit risk.

#### Overview of the VFM audit approach

The key elements of the VFM audit approach are summarised below.



Each of these stages are summarised further below.

VFM audit stage	Audit approach
VFM audit risk assessment	We consider the relevance and significance of the potential business risks faced by all local authorities, and other risks that apply specifically to the Authority. These are the significant operational and financial risks in achieving statutory functions and objectives, which are relevant to auditors' responsibilities under the <i>Code of Audit Practice</i> .
	In doing so we consider:
	■ the Authority's own assessment of the risks it faces, and its arrangements to manage and address its risks;
	information from the Audit Commission's VFM profile tool and financial ratios tool;
	<ul><li>evidence gained from previous audit work, including the response to that work; and</li></ul>
	the work of the Audit Commission, other inspectorates and review agencies.



# VFM audit approach (continued)

Our VFM audit will draw heavily on other audit work which is relevant to our VFM responsibilities and the results of last year's VFM audit.

We will then form an assessment of residual audit risk to identify if there are any areas where more detailed VFM audit work is required.

#### **VFM** audit stage

#### **Audit approach**

Linkages with financial statements and other audit work

There is a degree of overlap between the work we do as part of the VFM audit and our financial statements audit. For example, our financial statements audit includes an assessment and testing of the Authority's organisational control environment, including the Authority's financial management and governance arrangements, many aspects of which are relevant to our VFM audit responsibilities.

We have always sought to avoid duplication of audit effort by integrating our financial statements and VFM work, and this will continue. We will, therefore, draw upon relevant aspects of our financial statements audit work to inform the VFM audit.

# Assessment of residual audit risk

It is possible that further audit work may be necessary in some areas to ensure sufficient coverage of the two VFM criteria.

Such work may involve interviews with relevant officers and /or the review of documents such as policies, plans and minutes. We may also refer to any self assessment the Authority may prepare against the characteristics.

To inform any further work we must draw together an assessment of residual audit risk, taking account of the work undertaken already. This will identify those areas requiring further specific audit work to inform the VFM conclusion.

At this stage it is not possible to indicate the number or type of residual audit risks that might require additional audit work, and therefore the overall scale of work cannot be easily predicted. If a significant amount of work is necessary then we will need to review the adequacy of our agreed audit fee.

#### Identification of specific VFM audit work

If we identify residual audit risks, then we will highlight the risk to the Authority and consider the most appropriate audit response in each case, including:

- considering the results of work by the Authority, the Audit Commission, other inspectorates and review agencies; and
- carrying out local risk-based work to form a view on the adequacy of the Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.



# VFM audit approach (continued)

Where relevant, we may draw upon the range of audit tools and review guides developed by the Audit Commission.

We will report on the results of the VFM audit through our Interim Audit Report and our Report to those charged with governance.

#### VFM audit stage

#### **Audit approach**

# Delivery of local risk based work

Depending on the nature of the residual audit risk identified, we may be able to draw on audit tools and sources of guidance when undertaking specific local risk-based audit work, such as:

- local savings review guides based on selected previous Audit Commission national studies; and
- update briefings for previous Audit Commission studies.

The tools and guides will support our work where we have identified a local risk that is relevant to them. For any residual audit risks that relate to issues not covered by one of these tools, we will develop an appropriate audit approach drawing on the detailed VFM guidance and other sources of information.

# Concluding on VFM arrangements

At the conclusion of the VFM audit we will consider the results of the work undertaken and assess the assurance obtained against each of the VFM themes regarding the adequacy of the Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources.

If any issues are identified that may be significant to this assessment, and in particular if there are issues that indicate we may need to consider qualifying our VFM conclusion, we will discuss these with management as soon as possible. Such issues will also be considered more widely as part of KPMG's quality control processes, to help ensure the consistency of auditors' decisions.

#### Reporting

We will report on the results of the VFM audit through our *Interim audit Report*, should such a report be considered necessary, and our *Report to those charged with governance*. These reports will summarise our progress in delivering the VFM audit, the results of the risk assessment and any specific matters arising, and the basis for our overall conclusion.

The key output from the work will be the VFM conclusion (i.e. our opinion on the Authority's arrangements for securing VFM), which forms part of our audit report.



# Section four **Audit team**

Your audit team has been drawn from our specialist public sector assurance department. The Director and Assistant Manager have both been involved in the audit in previous years.

Contact details are shown on page 1.

The audit team will be assisted by other KPMG specialists as necessary.



John Cornett

Director





Claire Page Manager "I am responsible for the management, review and delivery of the whole audit and providing quality assurance for any technical accounting areas. I will work closely with John to ensure we add value. I will liaise with the Director of Finance and Resources and Head of Internal Audit."



Flora Smith **Assistant Manager** 

"I will be responsible for the on-site delivery of our work. I will liaise with the finance team and Internal Audit. I will also supervise the work of our audit assistants."



#### Section four

# **Audit deliverables**

At the end of each stage of our audit we issue certain deliverables, including reports and opinions.

Our key deliverables will be delivered to a high standard and on time.

We will discuss and agreed each report with the Authority's officers prior to publication.

Deliverable	Purpose	Committee dates
Planning		
External Audit Plan	Outline audit approach.	April 2013
	Identify areas of audit focus and planned procedures.	
Substantive procedures		
Report to Those	Details the resolution of key audit issues.	September 2013
Charged with Governance (ISA 260 Report)	Communication of adjusted and unadjusted audit differences.	
	Performance improvement recommendations identified during our audit.	
	Commentary on the Authority's value for money arrangements.	
Completion		
Auditor's report	Providing an opinion on your accounts (including the Annual Governance Statement).	September 2013
	<ul> <li>Concluding on the arrangements in place for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in your use of resources (the VFM conclusion).</li> </ul>	
Annual Audit Letter	Summarises the outcomes and the key issues arising from our audit work for the year.	November 2013



# Section four **Audit timeline**

We will be in continuous dialogue with you throughout the audit.

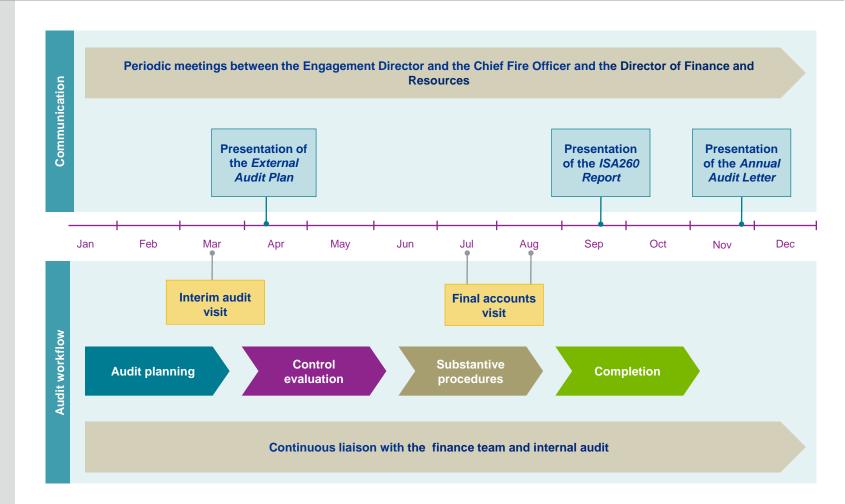
Key formal interactions with the Fire Authority and Finance and Resources Committee are:

- April External Audit Plan;
- September ISA 260 Report;
- November Annual Audit Letter.

We work with the finance team and internal audit throughout the year.

Our main work on site will be our:

- Interim audit visits during March.
- Final accounts audit during July and August.





### Section four

#### **Audit fee**

The main fee for 2012/13 audit of the Authority is £41,400. The fee has not changed from that set out in our *Audit Fee Letter 2012/13* issued in August 2012.

Our audit fee remains indicative and based on you meeting our expectations of your support.

Meeting these expectations will help the delivery of our audit within the proposed audit fee.

#### **Audit fee**

Our *Audit Fee Letter 2012/13* issued to you in August 2012 first set out our fees for the 2012/13 audit. We have not considered it necessary to make any changes to the agreed fees at this stage.

Element of the audit	2012/13 (planned)	
Gross audit fee	£41,400	£69,000

Our audit fee includes our work on the VFM conclusion and our audit of the Authority's financial statements. The fee for 2012/13 is £41,400. This is a reduction of 40 percent compared to the 2011/12 fee.

#### **Audit fee assumptions**

The fee is based on a number of assumptions, including that you will provide us with complete and materially accurate financial statements, with good quality supporting working papers, within agreed timeframes. It is imperative that you achieve this. If this is not the case and we have to complete more work than was envisaged, we will need to charge additional fees for this work. In setting the fee, we have assumed:

- the level of risk in relation to the audit of the financial statements is not significantly different from that identified for 2011/12;
- you will inform us of any significant developments impacting on our audit;
- you will identify and implement any changes required under the CIPFA Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the UK 2012/13 within your 2012/13 financial statements;
- you will comply with the expectations set out in our Accounts Audit Protocol, including:
  - the financial statements are made available for audit in line with the agreed timescales;
  - good quality working papers and records will be provided at the start of the final accounts audit;

- requested information will be provided within the agreed timescales;
- prompt responses will be provided to gueries and draft reports;
- internal audit meets appropriate professional standards;
- internal audit adheres to our joint working protocol and completes appropriate work on all systems that provide material figures for the financial statements and we can place reliance on them for our audit: and
- additional work will not be required to address questions or objections raised by local government electors.

Meeting these expectations will help ensure the delivery of our audit within the agreed audit fee.

The Audit Commission requires us to inform you of specific actions you could take to keep the audit fee low. Future audit fees can be kept to a minimum if the Authority maintains an efficient and well-controlled financial closedown and accounts production process which complies with good practice and appropriately addresses new accounting developments and risk areas.

#### Changes to the audit plan

Changes to this plan and the audit fee may be necessary if:

- new significant audit risks emerge;
- additional work is required of us by the Audit Commission or other regulators; and
- additional work is required as a result of changes in legislation, professional standards or financial reporting requirements.

If changes to this plan and the audit fee are required, we will discuss and agree these initially with the Director of Finances and Resources.



### **Appendices**

# **Appendix 1: Independence and objectivity requirements**

This appendix summarises auditors' responsibilities regarding independence and objectivity.

#### Independence and objectivity

Auditors are required by the Code to:

- carry out their work with independence and objectivity;
- exercise their professional judgement and act independently of both the Commission and the audited body;
- maintain an objective attitude at all times and not act in any way that might give rise to, or be perceived to give rise to, a conflict of interest; and
- resist any improper attempt to influence their judgement in the conduct of the audit.

In addition, the Code specifies that auditors should not carry out work for an audited body that does not relate directly to the discharge of the auditors' functions under the Code. If the Authority invites us to carry out risk-based work in a particular area, which cannot otherwise be justified to support our audit conclusions, it will be clearly differentiated as work carried out under section 35 of the Audit Commission Act 1998.

The Code also states that the Commission issues guidance under its powers to appoint auditors and to determine their terms of appointment. The Standing Guidance for Auditors includes several references to arrangements designed to support and reinforce the requirements relating to independence, which auditors must comply with. These are as follows:

- Any staff involved on Commission work who wish to engage in political activity should obtain prior approval from the Partner.
- Audit staff are expected not to accept appointments as lay school inspectors.
- Firms are expected not to risk damaging working relationships by bidding for work within an audited body's area in direct competition with the body's own staff without having discussed and agreed a local protocol with the body concerned.

- Auditors are expected to comply with the Commission's statements on firms not providing personal financial or tax advice to certain senior individuals at their audited bodies, auditors' conflicts of interest in relation to PFI procurement at audited bodies, and disposal of consultancy practices and auditors' independence.
- Auditors appointed by the Commission should not accept engagements which involve commenting on the performance of other Commission auditors on Commission work without first consulting the Commission.
- Auditors are expected to comply with the Commission's policy for the Engagement Lead to be changed on each audit at least once every five years (subject to agreed transitional arrangements). Audit suppliers are required to obtain the Commission's written approval prior to changing any Engagement Lead in respect of each audited body.
- Audit suppliers are required to obtain the Commission's written approval prior to changing any Engagement Lead in respect of each audited body.
- The Commission must be notified of any change of second in command within one month of making the change. Where a new Engagement Lead or second in command has not previously undertaken audits under the Audit Commission Act 1998 or has not previously worked for the audit supplier, the audit supplier is required to provide brief details of the individual's relevant qualifications, skills and experience.



### **Appendices**

# **Appendix 2: KPMG Audit Quality Framework**

We continually focus on delivering a high quality audit.

This means building robust quality control procedures into the core audit process rather than bolting them on at the end, and embedding the right attitude and approaches into management and staff.

KPMG's Audit Quality
Framework consists of
seven key drivers combined
with the commitment of each
individual in KPMG.

The diagram summarises our approach and each level is expanded upon.

At KPMG we consider audit quality is not just about reaching the right opinion, but how we reach that opinion. KPMG views the outcome of a quality audit as the delivery of an appropriate and independent opinion in compliance with the auditing standards. It is about the processes, thought and integrity behind the audit report. This means, above all, being independent, compliant with our legal and professional requirements, and offering insight and impartial advice to you, our client.

KPMG's Audit Quality Framework consists of seven key drivers combined with the commitment of each individual in KPMG. We use our seven drivers of audit quality to articulate what audit quality means to KPMG.

We believe it is important to be transparent about the processes that sit behind a KPMG audit report, so you can have absolute confidence in us and in the quality of our audit.

Tone at the top: We make it clear that audit quality is part of our culture and values and therefore non-negotiable. Tone at the top is the umbrella that covers all the drives of quality through a focused and consistent voice. John Cornett as the Engagement Lead sets the tone on the audit and leads by example with a clearly articulated audit strategy and commits a significant proportion of his time throughout the audit directing and supporting the team.

**Association with right clients:** We undertake rigorous client and engagement acceptance and continuance procedures which are vital to the ability of KPMG to provide high-quality professional services to our clients.

Clear standards and robust audit tools: We expect our audit professionals to adhere to the clear standards we set and we provide a range of tools to support them in meeting these expectations. The global rollout of KPMG's eAudIT application has significantly enhanced existing audit functionality. eAudIT enables KPMG to deliver a highly

technically enabled audit. All of our staff have a searchable data base, Accounting Research Online, that includes all published accounting standards, the KPMG Audit Manual Guidance as well as other relevant sector specific publications, such as the Audit Commission's *Code of Audit Practice*.

Recruitment, development and assignment of appropriately qualified personnel: One of the key drivers of audit quality is assigning professionals appropriate to the Authority's risks. We take great care to assign the right people to the right clients based on a number of factors including their skill set, capacity and relevant experience.

We have a well developed technical infrastructure across the firm that puts us in a strong position to deal with any emerging issues. This includes:

 - A national public sector technical director who has responsibility for co-ordinating our response to emerging accounting issues, influencing accounting bodies (such as CIPFA) as well as acting as a sounding board for our auditors.

- A national technical network of public sector audit professionals is established that meets on a monthly basis and is chaired by our national technical director.

Clear standards

and robust audit

tools

- All of our staff have a searchable data base, Accounting Research Online, that includes all published accounting standards, the KPMG Audit Manual Guidance as well as other relevant sector specific publications, such as the Audit Commission's *Code of Audit Practice*.
- A dedicated Department of Professional Practice comprised of over 100 staff that provide support to our audit teams and deliver our web-based bi-monthly technical training.

Commitment to

continuous

improvement

Tone at

the top

Recruitment,

development and assignment

of appropriately

qualified

personnel

Performance of

effective and

efficient audits



### **Appendices**

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Quality must build on the foundations of well trained staff and a robust methodology.

Commitment to technical excellence and quality service delivery:

Our professionals bring you up- the-minute and accurate technical solutions and together with our specialists are capable of solving complex audit issues and delivering valued insights.

Our audit team draws upon specialist resources including Forensic, Corporate Finance, Transaction Services, Advisory, Taxation, Actuarial and IT. We promote technical excellence and quality service delivery through training and accreditation, developing business understanding and sector knowledge, investment in technical support, development of specialist networks and effective consultation processes.

Performance of effective and efficient audits: We understand that how an audit is conducted is as important as the final result. Our drivers of audit quality maximise the performance of the engagement team during the conduct of every audit. We expect our people to demonstrate certain key behaviors in the performance of effective and efficient audits. The key behaviors that our auditors apply throughout the audit process to deliver effective and efficient audits are outlined below:

- timely Engagement Lead and manager involvement;
- critical assessment of audit evidence:
- exercise of professional judgment and professional scepticism;
- ongoing mentoring and on the job coaching, supervision and review;
- appropriately supported and documented conclusions;
- if relevant, appropriate involvement of the Engagement Quality Control reviewer (EQC review);
- clear reporting of significant findings;
- insightful, open and honest two-way communication with those charged with governance; and
- client confidentiality, information security and data privacy.

**Commitment to continuous improvement:** We employ a broad range of mechanisms to monitor our performance, respond to feedback and understand our opportunities for improvement.

#### Our quality review results

We are able to evidence the quality of our audits through the results of National Audit Office and Audit Commission reviews. The results of the Audit Commission's annual quality review process is made publicly available each year (<a href="http://www.audit-commission.gov.uk/audit-regime/Pages/qualityreviewprocess\_copy.aspx">http://www.audit-commission.gov.uk/audit-regime/Pages/qualityreviewprocess\_copy.aspx</a>). The latest report dated October 2012 showed that we performed highly against all the Commission's criteria.



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